**STRENGTHS** WEAKNESSES

- Celsius reached \$1.1 billion in sales in 2024, ranking third among energy drink brands in the U.S., behind only Monster (\$5.52B) and Red Bull (\$7.34B) (Statista)
- Sales surged 135.9% in 2023, demonstrating growing consumer demand (Statista)
- Celsius offers 50+ flavors across 3 core products
   (carbonated, non-carbonated, and powder),
   appealing to various consumer preferences
   (celsius.com/products)
- Celsius has established collaborations with rising NFL and college football stars via NIL deals, including:
  - NFL Players: Bo Nix, Jayden Daniels,
     Michael Penix Jr. (<u>Learfield</u>)

- CELSIUS still lags behind Red Bull and Monster in terms of overall consumer choice (Statista)
- CELSIUS faced several high-profile lawsuits and controversies, including:
  - Preservatives Class Action lawsuit
     potentially damaged consumer trust
     regarding the CELSIUS's ingredients
  - Flo Rida Endorsement Dispute over unpaid earnings potentially impacts future collaborations
  - NCAA Banned Substance Issues potentially
     impact access to college football athletes
  - Social media misinformation, such as the
     TikTok cyanide controversy, may have

- College Athletes: Travis Hunter, Emeka
   Egbuka, Jalen Milroe, and Dillon Gabriel,
   among others (<u>Front Office Sports</u>)
- Universities: Officially partnered with major universities like Texas A&M, Oregon,
   Colorado, USAFA, and Washington
   (<u>Learfield</u>)
- Over 6.7M total followers across major socials
   (TikTok, Instagram, Facebook, X)
- Recently expanded into the United Kingdom,
   Ireland, Australia, and New Zealand.

- impacted brand trust and created safety concerns
- Comparable CELSIUS products are priced higher than direct competitors
  - CELSIUS 4-Pack 12 fl oz: \$13.95; Redbull
     4-Pack 12 fl oz: \$9.48 Monster 4-Pack 16 fl
     oz: \$7.98 (Walmart.com)
- Competitors have bolder, more eye-catching packaging designs that stand out on shelves
- As a healthy alternative, CELSIUS potentially limits itself from attracting traditional energy drink consumers, as well as the lucrative connection to the alcohol industry that Redbull thrives in

## The caffeinated energy drink sector continues to grow, reaching \$21B in 2024 (Statista) Caffeinated energy drinks are often viewed as unhealthy and unsafe, especially for minors,

- Many competitors focus on flavor over fitness,
   allowing Celsius to dominate the "clean energy"
   health & wellness niche
- Recent NIL legislation enables endorsement deals with rising college and high school athletes, building brand exposure among future professionals
- New product categories (pre-workout, functional hydration, and protein-infused beverages) are emerging as viable market extensions, aligning with active consumers' needs
- Subscriptions provided through distributors like
   Amazon increase convenience for buying
   products like energy drinks in bulk

- leading to lawsuits and regulatory scrutiny
- The energy drink industry is oversaturated with dominant brands (Red Bull, Monster, Bang) and emerging competitors (Prime, ZOA)
- Non-caffeinated industry giants like Gatorade are trying their hand at caffeinated beverages (Front Office Sports)
- The price of energy drinks and sports drinks is expected to increase over the next 5 years (<u>Statista</u>)
- Consumers are increasingly exploring all-natural caffeine alternatives (e.g., yerba mate, matcha, herbal teas) in a shift away from traditional energy drinks